Logistics Real Estate Series Report Warehouse tenant analysis by region

Logistics Tenant Profile

Siheung · Ansan







Logis-City of Tomorrow Siheung-Ansan

Competitive service for faster delivery and Eco-friendly supply chain preparing for the era of carbon-neutrality are the key challenges for the future logistics industry.

Given their great access to the metropolitan area and the ease of recruiting large logistics workforces within the cities, Siheung and Ansan are highly valuable regions that can secure cost competitiveness while preserving service competitiveness.

Do Siheung and Ansan have the potential to become an emerging future logistic hub?

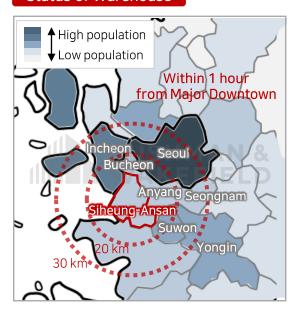


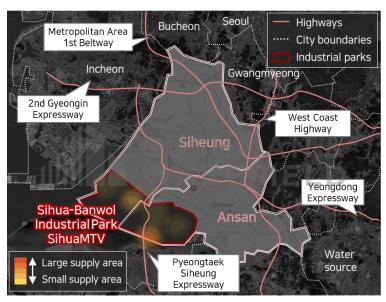
Emerging urban logistics hubs

A. Supply status of distribution centers in Siheung-Ansan area

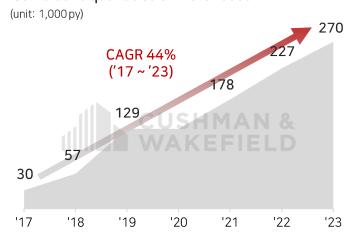
- Siheung and Ansan areas can access major cities such as Seoul, Incheon, and Suwon, a densely populated area within one hour by taking advantage of the wide-area transportation network. It is emerging as a logistic base for e-commerce retailers.
- Since 2019, the supply of new logistics centers has increased rapidly, especially in industrial complexes (Sihwa-Banwol, Sihwa MTV). In particular, by absorbing 'import, processing, distribution' warehouse demands, it is widely used as a logistics base for manufacturing companies such as Hanssem and Korea Paper.

Status of Warehouse

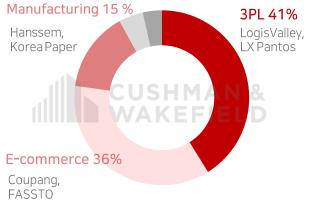




*Cumulative quantities of Warehouse



*Percentage of warehouse tenant by industry



Note1: Scale of 5,000 py+ in the Siheung-Ansan area, as of November 2023



Emerging urban logistics hubs

A. Supply status of distribution centers in Siheung-Ansan area

- It is planned to supply a large-scale logistics center of 483,000py by 2026, which is about 2.8 times more than the existing supply. Due to the worsening investment environment, only about 46% of construction has begun, and construction that has not started appears to bump into a completion delay or project cancellation. Therefore, supply is likely to sharply decrease than expected.
- The development of new large-sized distribution logistics centers to perform fulfillment functions is steadily increasing. Abundant residential demands and improvements in transportation infrastructure have led to active population growth. Thus, the location value as a fulfillment center is expected to increase further.

New supplies² Existing Expected (Unit: 1,000 PY) *Percentage by size 753(F) Small Medium Large Extra-large 279% of Existing (20,000 (30,000 py~) (less than (10.000)supply In business (vg 000,01 ~ 20,000 py) ~ 30,000 py) On hold (License complete) 260K (54%) 2023 36% 18% 18% 483 Contruction (270k py) (License) 223K (46%) 270 270 * As of 11/23 2026(F) 17% 17% 17% 50% 2023 2026(F) (752k py)

Major New Supplies



Note 2: Scale of 5,000 py+ in the Siheung-Ansan area, as of November 2023

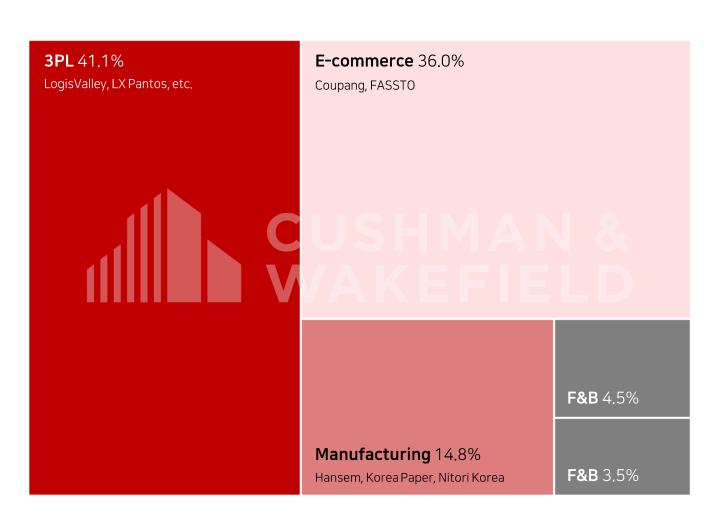


Who is the primary tenant?

B. Proportion of tenants by Industries (by GFA)

- 3PL logistics companies occupy the largest area, followed by e-commerce, manufacturing, F&B, and distribution.
- In Siheung and Ansan, Logis Valley, which carries out logistics center development and rental business, and LX Pantos Logistics Center, which mainly carries out pan-LG affiliates, are located. Recently, fulfillment centers for e-commerce companies such as Coupang and FASSTO have been running. Additionally, manufacturing companies such as Hanssem and Korea Paper are occupying this area.

Tenant Proportion ³

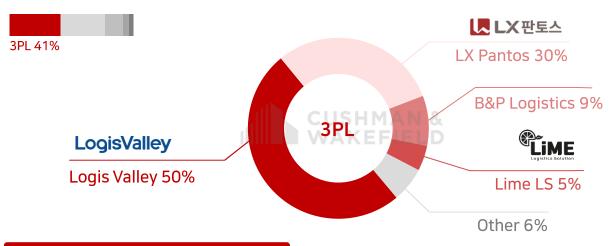




Who is the primary tenant?

B. Proportion of tenants by Industries (by GFA)

Proportion of 3PL companies



Proportion of e-commerce companies



Proportion of manufacturing companies





Environmental policy changes

C. Changes due to strengthened restrictions on diesel

- Following the Seoul announcement of 'Cleaner Seoul 2030' to improve air quality, class 4 vehicles will be restricted in all areas of Seoul from 2030, and all internal combustion engine vehicles will be restricted from 2050. It is now possible to apply for a license exclusively for courier delivery with eco-friendly fuel trucks (LPG, electric vehicles).
- Considering that approximately 90% of delivery vehicles are currently diesel vehicles, acceleration of the transition to eco-friendly vehicles is inevitable. Leading to the rise of transportation costs, the value of urban logistics hubs capable of multi-rotation transport in a short distance will further increase.

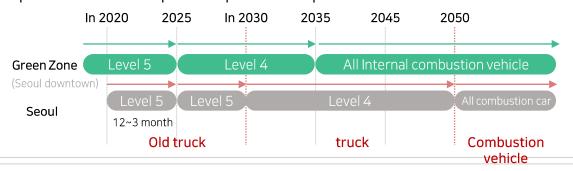
Eco-friendly transition

Dissel Restrictions

'Cleaner Seoul 2030' Announcement to improve air quality

- Restrictions on driving diesel vehicles in green transportation zones from 2025, All diesel vehicles will be banned from entering Seoul from 2030, Restrictions on driving all internal combustion engine vehicles from 2050.
- Starting in 2026, All Delivery trucks and village buses will be replaced with electric vehicles.

*Operational restrictions phased implementation plan



Eco shift

Implementation of the 'Air Quality Management Area Act'

- From January 1, 2024, new diesel vehicles cannot be issued for delivery business.
- Only eco-friendly fuel trucks (LPG, electric vehicles) can apply for delivery license plates (no new diesel vehicles)

Dissel truck share 90%

Used diesel trucks

LPG Trucks

Electric trucks 20~30 million won Over 40million won

The burden of purchasing vehicles is expected to increase in the delivery business.

Source: Korea Living Logistics Courier Service Association, Survey of delivery workers

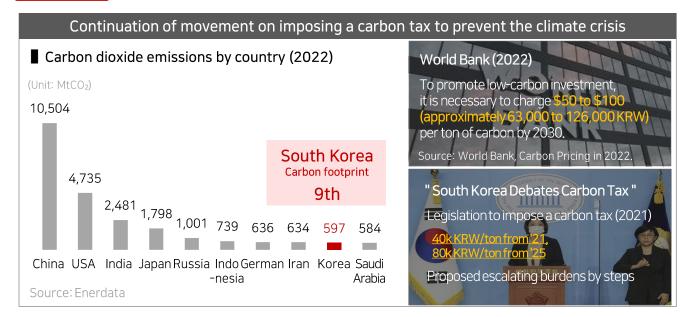


Environmental policy changes

D. Changes due to carbon tax imposition

- To prevent global warming and the climate crisis, imposing a carbon tax has become prevalent across the nation. Korea is also likely to impose a carbon tax shortly.
- When a carbon tax is imposed, it is expected to cost at least 3 to 5 million won per freight vehicle every year, which brings about further increase in transportation costs.

Carbon tax



How a carbon tax could change the logistics landscape

Number of commercial trucks and CO₂ emissions (2020)



CO₂ emissions 321,993 tCO₂

•

Number of truck 7,575 units

CO₂ emissions per unit

Source: Korea Transportation Research Institute

■ Estimating the amount of carbon taxes per vehicle⁴

CO ₂ emissions	Carbon taxes	Carbon Tax Amount
42.5/tCO ₂	80,000 KRW/tCO ₂	3,401,035 KRW/year
	120,000 KRW/tCO ₂	5,101,553 KRW/year

+ 3-5 million won per year

Expected 7-11% decline in net income

Source 4: Yong Hae-in lawmaker's proposal. Source 5: Transportation Research Institute, 2021



Eco-friendly logistics companies

E. Status of eco-friendly delivery system

- In response to a tendency to restrict diesel and impose carbon taxes, distribution and logistics companies are also focusing their efforts on establishing green delivery systems.
- In addition to introducing eco-friendly vehicles such as electric and hydrogen vehicles, they are building delivery centers equipped with charging solutions and optimizing logistics networks.

Examples of building eco-friendly delivery systems



CJ Logistics

Introducing eco-friendly vehicles

- Operated roughly 1,600 electric trucks since 2020.
- Through technical cooperation with Kia Motors, plan to introduce purpose-based mobility (PBV) exclusively for logistics in 2025 and replace all vehicles with electric ones by 2030.

Coupang

Building an electric vehicle delivery center with charging solutions

- Introduced ceiling-type medium-speed charging system, charging available 24 hours, 365 days/year at any time.
- Established in 5 regions of the metropolitan area, planned to gradually expand nationwide.

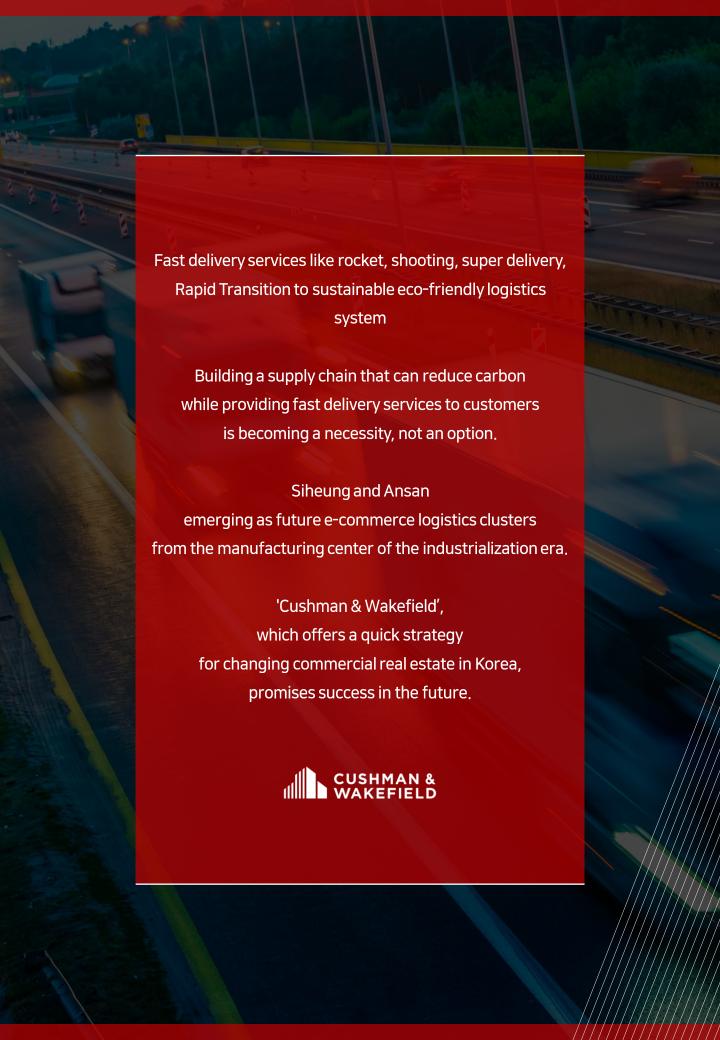




IKEA Korea

Introducing electric trucks and optimizing the logistics network

- Plan to convert 100% of furniture delivery vehicles to electric trucks by 2025.
- Use store as a hub by expanding the delivery space in it and facilitate online and offline delivery.
- Minimize unnecessary vehicle operations by optimizing delivery routes.





Disclaimer

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Acquisition & Disposition

Logistics real estate services details



Market Due Diligence & Feasibility Study

- Logistics Real Estate Feasibility Analysis Report
- Warehouse Design Consulting
- Big data-driven Logistics Advisory



Logistics Leasing

- · Leasing Advisory
- Logistics Center Marketing
- Logistics Center Due Diligence Representation



Acquisition & Disposition

- Disposition/Acquisition Advisory
- BUILD-TO-SUIT(BTS) Advisory
- Logistics Development Advisory

